

Managing for Visitors Plan 2022

Background and Strategic Context

1. The summers of 2020 and 2021 were unprecedented in terms of the changes that were seen in visitor distribution and behaviour in the Park. A combination of circumstances, including the easing of lockdown policies and the desire of visitors to experience the outdoors and nature, put significant new pressures on certain locations in the Park.
2. New arrangements for managing for visitors were put in place with partners during this time. These arrangements were comprehensively reviewed by the CNPA Board in December 2021 – papers are available at <https://cairngorms.co.uk/working-together/meetings/meeting/board-2021-11-26/>
3. Looking forwards, the CNPA is committed to working with partners as part of the national visitor management framework to deliver high-quality visitor experiences within the Park. In late 2021 the CNPA consulted on the National Park Partnership Plan (2023-2028). The consultation prompted a record level of public response and the feedback will be analysed carefully. The modified Plan will be approved by the CNPA Board and then signed off by Scottish Ministers in September 2022. The draft Plan included several objectives relating to visitor management including that listed below:

Draft NPPP Objective C4: Work closely with partners across the National Park to manage the impact of visitors and provide a high-quality experience. Ensure public infrastructure is of a high standard, able to cope with demand at key destinations, and consider how to best utilise areas of the National Park with capacity for increased visitor numbers.

4. During 2022, further work will be undertaken on a number of action plans including the Tourism Action Plan, Strategic Infrastructure Plan and Active Cairngorms (covering outdoor access, active travel, health, volunteering and the management for visitors). In the meantime the regional visitor management plans that were developed in 2020 have been reviewed, based on all the feedback received to date, to prepare this Plan.

Objectives

5. The objectives for the Managing for Visitors Plan 2022 are to:
 - Provide a warm welcome and support exceptional experiences for the public to enjoy the outdoors
 - Mitigate any negative impacts from increased recreation in sensitive or popular sites
 - Reduce potential conflict between residents and visitors
 - Secure the confidence of the Park's communities that the Park's special qualities are being well- managed and cared for
 - Promote collaboration across estate and organisational boundaries ensuring a positive visitor experience.

Key Partners

6. Collaboration with partners is key to the successful delivery of these objectives. At a regional level the key partners to CNPA are:
 - Local Authorities
 - Cairngorms Business Partnership
 - Partner Ranger Services
 - Land Managers
 - Owners/managers of key visitor sites
 - NatureScot
 - Police Scotland
 - Scottish Fire and Rescue
 - Volunteers and Volunteer Rangers

7. The work with all partners will be facilitated by advice from the following partnership/advisory groups:
 - Managing for Visitors Group – meeting every two weeks over Easter/Summer to provide operational guidance, networking and support to staff undertaking on-the-ground activity
 - Cairngorms Tourism Partnership (CTP) – meeting roughly quarterly to focus on review of Tourism Action Plan
 - Cairngorms Tourism Response Group – meeting monthly (as a sub-group of the CTP) to focus on business, communication and marketing issues
 - Cairngorms Local Outdoor Access Forum – meeting roughly quarterly to advise on management of outdoor access issues.

Focus

8. The Cairngorms National Park is the largest National Park in the UK and much of it is remote, mountainous and relatively inaccessible. The vast majority of visitors behave very responsibly and the management issues caused are generally localised and the locations predictable. It is unrealistic and unnecessary to implement all management measures equally across the Park, given staffing and resources. However, it is essential to implement confidently and consistently the clear, simple messaging about the importance of safe, responsible and enjoyable behaviour in the Park.

9. The focus of managing for visitors measures will be on the proactive, safe management of key countryside sites simplified into two broad areas:
 - Rural “hot spots”
 - Rural “warm spots”

These are identified in Table I. A risk rating for each site identified is given as follows:

	Very popular, pinch points on trails, could be on a dead end road, limited parking and overspill sites, popular hills or beauty spots, heavily promoted by 3 rd parties, close to main transport routes i.e. trunk roads and accessible from large towns.
	Popular, parking previously sufficient for level of use, setting off point for hills or beauty spots and promoted by 3 rd parties, likely to experience overspill from nearby popular sites.

CAIRNGORMS NATIONAL PARK AUTHORITY

Table 1- Rural “Hotspots” and “Warm Spots”

Key Countryside Location	Risk	Manager	Roads Authority	On-site support (including estimated FTE coverage)
Muir of Dinnet		NatureScot	Aberdeenshire	SNH Site Manager and Aberdeenshire Ranger
Cambus o May		FLS	Aberdeenshire	FLS Ranger (0.1)
Glen Tanar		Glen Tanar Estate/ Charitable Trust	Aberdeenshire	GTCT Ranger Service (1.4)
Loch Muick		Balmoral Estate	Aberdeenshire	Balmoral Ranger Service (2)
Keiloch Car Park		Invercauld Estate	Aberdeenshire	Staff but no ranger
Linn of Dee		NTS	Aberdeenshire	NTS Ranger Service (2)
Glen Clova		FLS / Angus Alive/NatureScot	Angus	AA Ranger Service (2)
Glen Mark		Angus Council and Dalhousie Estates	Angus	CNPA Seasonal Ranger
Killiecrankie		NTS	Perth and Kinross	NTS Ranger
Beinn a Ghlo (car park)		Lude Estate	Perth & Kinross	No ranger service
Falls of Bruar		Atholl Estate and House of Bruar	Perth and Kinross	Atholl Estates
Glen Feshie (car park)		Achlean Croft	Highland Council	Land manager supported by CNPA Ranger Service
Uath Lochans		FLS	Highland Council	FLS Ranger (0.1)
Feshie Bridge		FLS	Highland Council	FLS Ranger (0.1)
Laggan Wolfrax		FLS and Laggan Forest Trust	Highland Council	FLS Ranger (0.1) and LFT staff
Loch an Eilien		Rothiemurchus	Highland Council	Rothiemurchus Estate Ranger Service (2)
Glenmore		FLS	Highland Council	FLS Ranger Service (2)
Cairngorm Mountain		HIE	Highland Council	CM Ranger Service (2)
Loch Garten		RSPB Scotland	Highland Council	RSPB Community Ranger and estate staff (0.3)
Glenlivet Estate		Crown Estate Scotland	Moray Council	CES Ranger (0.5)
Glenshee/ Snow Roads Scenic Route south of Braemar		Various	Aberdeenshire/ Perth and Kinross Council	Land managers supported by CNPA Ranger Service

Managing for Visitors Measures

10. Successful management for visitors is based on good communication between partners, suitable infrastructure, continued public engagement and risk management. All of these elements are under-pinned and guided by continued monitoring and evaluation.
11. Table 2 sets out the key measures to be taken across the Park.

Table 2 - Measures for Managing for Visitors

Measures	Examples
Communications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Coordinated by Managing for Visitors and Tourism Response Groups Collaboration on #CairngormsTogether and TreadLighly campaign with CBP and others Deployment and updating of variable message electronic signs Delivery of national comms campaigns at regional level New commissioned campaign focussing on (i.) responsible dog walking, (ii.) wildfires, (iii.) parking, (iv.) visitors underestimating risks eg having the wrong kit, (v.) wild swimming and water safety, (vi.) litter and outdoor toileting, (vii.) wild camping, and (viii.) the cumulative impacts of visitor activity.
Wild Fire Prevention	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Develop a Park-wide Wildfire Plan
Visitor Infrastructure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Preparation of Strategic Tourism Infrastructure Plan Visitor Infrastructure Improvement Programme grants administered by CNPA
Public toilets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Public awareness of public toilet provision Toilet improvements for people of all-abilities
Promoted paths and popular mountain paths	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Well sign-posted paths Well maintained paths that are in good condition Refreshed approach to path and sign consideration monitoring using digital technology
Ranger patrols	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ranger Patrols at key sensitive times Assistance to land managers and communities with key issues Communication across Ranger family using whats app
Land management support	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Funding available for infrastructure improvements Provision of sign templates to provide consistent messaging
Statutory measures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Management agreements and guidelines at key visitor hotspots and sensitive sites
Enhanced Police Presence	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enhanced police presence to be deployed in Glenmore during school summer holidays (FLS, CNPA and THC)
Litter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cairngorms Litter Network to promote community- led volunteering in partnership with Keep Scotland Beautiful Ranger patrols to support land-managers and communities at key sites

Ranger Service priorities

12. The Partnership Framework for Ranger Services in the Park sets out the vision for Ranger Services:

A high-profile network of Cairngorms’ rangers connecting people with an outstanding National Park. They work collaboratively to provide an innovative, inspirational and professional service. They are committed to enhancing public enjoyment, understanding and care of the outdoors, focused on maintaining the quality and relevance of their work and recognised, valued and supported by their employers, other related professions and the public.

13. In the context of the managing for visitors, Ranger Services will focus on positive face-to-face engagement with visitors at key hotspots by delivering the following aims:
- To ensure a warm welcome and provide support to help people enjoy the outdoors;
 - To increase awareness, understanding, care and responsible use of the natural and cultural heritage; and
 - To support the sustainable management and use of the outdoors to meet a range of social, economic and environmental objectives.
14. CNPA will continue to develop the family of ranger services across the Park through providing grant-aid, promoting training and development opportunities, advising on ranger roles, and a strong visual identity and branding. Table 3 sets out current Ranger Service coverage in the Park. * indicates ranger service that is financially supported by CNPA.

Table 3- Ranger Service Coverage

SERVICE	FTE
Atholl Estate*	2
Balmoral Estate*	2.6
Glen Tanar Charitable Trust*	1.6
Rothiemurchus Estate*	2
RSPB Community Ranger Abernethy *	1
Muir of Dinnet National Nature Reserve	1.5
Glenlivet Estate	1
FLS Glenmore	2
NTS Mar Lodge	2
Angus Alive – Glen Doll*	2
Cairngorm Mountain	1.5
Cairngorms Connect	1
Highlife Highland	1
Dorenell (cross boundary)	0.2
Aberdeenshire Council	0.5
Cairngorms National Park Authority Rangers <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Badenoch and Strathspey – 2 permanent rangers, 6 seasonal rangers • Deeside – 2 permanent rangers, 3 seasonal rangers • Angus Glens based in Glen Esk, 1 seasonal ranger • Plans for 2 trainee Rangers from June, one in either team 	4 full time, 9 seasonal

15. Lucy Ford, Ranger Manager in CNPA is the key operational contact for the CNPA Rangers, and the coordination of all ranger resources in the Park. Contact CNPA Ranger team at rangers@cairngorms.co.uk

Communication Planning

16. We will continue with the successful #CairngormsTogether campaign which was developed with the Cairngorms Business Partnership in 2020 to promote common messaging in support of visitors, communities and local businesses. Detailed communications will be agreed through the Managing for Visitors and Tourism Response Groups but collectively will be:-
- Positive – sharing and ‘celebrating’ what people can responsibly do in outdoors
 - Consistent – we all need to say the same thing
 - Concise – get our most important positive, consistent messages across in a few words.
17. Where practicable variable message signs will be deployed to provide “real time” information on the status of car parks in the vicinity of the sign. Table 4 sets out the current location of the VMS signs and the relevant managing body. Further information will be added to CNPA website so that all parties are clear about roles and responsibilities for updated in each sign.

Table 4 – Variable Message Signs

Location	Responsible Body
Coylumbridge	CairnGorm Mountain
Minor Rd to Glenmore (Sled Dog turn off)	Forestry and Land Scotland
A97 A944 junction heading west	Aberdeenshire Council Roads
Dinnet A93 west of X roads	Aberdeenshire Council Roads
B976 Minor County Rd Junction to Loch Muick	Aberdeenshire Council Roads Balmoral Estate

Monitoring and Evaluation

18. A large percentage of visitors continue to enjoy the outdoors responsibly. Therefore monitoring of visitor behaviour at key hotspots will be used to guide resources and the deployment of staff.
19. In support of ongoing monitoring key visitor pressure periods will be agreed by the Managing for Visitors Group and will include:
- The “Glasgow Fair” holiday period and the following 2 weekends
 - School holiday dates
 - Notable “events”

CAIRNGORMS NATIONAL PARK AUTHORITY

20. A new monitoring framework and form has been developed for 2022 in conjunction with NatureScot to allow consistent reporting of the work of Ranger Services across Scotland – see **Annex I**. Data gathered through the revised form will feed into the national monitoring requirements of the new national Visitor Management Strategy Coordination Group.
21. There will be a post-season evaluation exercise undertaken commencing on October 2022. The key findings will be used to develop the Active Cairngorms Action Plan.

Cairngorms National Park Authority
Plan updated: March 2022

Annex I - Monitoring framework for visitor management issues

Introduction

1. The arrangements for collection and management of key information have been reviewed by CNPA Ranger Manager, Lucy Ford, in discussion with partner Ranger Services. This short paper sets out the key information requirements to enable all active partners in visitor management to make realistic resource decisions and to support the development of further plans.

Short Term – April to October

2. To gather intelligence and identify risks that will need addressing with short term management interventions at an area and Park-wide level the following minimum data must be gathered and shared weekly:
 - a. Number of tents at a given site
 - b. Number of open fires and barbecues at a given site
 - c. Number of camper vans staying over night
 - d. Number of serious irresponsible access incidents.
3. Annex 2 sets out the feedback form for the short term monitoring period.
4. This data will be gathered by each site-based ranger service on a weekly basis and collated by the CNPA for the Managing for Visitors Group. Additional information on camp sites, fires and irresponsible access outwith of site based ranger services will be gathered by CNPA seasonal ranger staff.

Medium Term

5. In order to ascertain what worked well and what didn't and what interventions will need to take forward to implement a deliverable visitor management process across key hot spots in the Park a review will be prepared to include the following:
 - a. Summary of camping trends over key period
 - b. Summary of fires trend over key period:
 - c. Data on number of visitors and key trends in relation to peak periods:
 - d. Trends in irresponsible behaviour
 - e. Summary and reflections on interventions:
 - f. Summary and reflections on communications.

Annex 2

2022 CNP Visitor Management Form

Visitor monitoring form for all sites across the Cairngorms National Park. This form is to be filled in throughout the season with fortnightly reports presented to the managing for visitors group.

*Required

1. Select Area *

Mark only one oval.

- Deeside
- Badenoch & Strathspey
- Blair Atholl
- Tomintoul & Glenlivet
- Angus Glens

2. Select location *

Mark only one oval.

Aviemore

Boat of Garten

Carr-Bridge

Cromdale

Dalwhinnie

Dalnain Bridge

Glenmore

Grantown

Inshriach

Kingussie

Kincraig/Loch Insh

Loch Pityoulish

Laggan

Loch Garten

Nethy Bridge

Newtonmore

Rothiemurchus

Blair Atholl

Killiecrankie

Tomintoul & Glenlivet

Aboyne

Ballater

Braemar

Cambus o'May

Glen Tanar

Glen Shee

Linn of Dee/Quoich

Muir of Dinnet

Strathdon

Glen Lee -

Glen Mark

Glen Esk

Glen Doll

Other:

-
3. Date or period data collected *
4. Number of people engaged with *
5. Number of tents encountered in patrol area *
6. Number of overnighting campervans encountered in patrol area *
-
7. Number of dogs on a lead (or under very close control) encountered *
8. Number of dogs off the lead (or not under very close control) encountered *
9. Number of live fires/BBQs extinguished *
10. Number of old fire/BBQ remains cleared *
11. Number of black bin bags of litter collected (units of .25) *

12. Incident report required? *

Mark only one oval.

Yes

No